

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended

1,4-Dioxane

Creation date 18th July 2016

Revision date 22nd July 2025 Version 7.0

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

.1. Product identifier 1,4-Dioxane

Substance / mixture substance
Chemical name 1,4-dioxane
CAS number 123-91-1
Index number 603-024-00-5
EC (EINECS) number 204-661-8

Registration number 01-2119462837-26-xxxx

Other substance name Diethylen oxid

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Substance's intended use

Chemical production, analytical chemistry, laboratory synthesis, industrial applications.

Substance uses advised against

The product should not be used in ways other than those referred in Section 1.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier

Name or trade name Ing. Petr Švec - PENTA s.r.o.
Address Radiová 1122/1, Praha 10, 102 00

Czech Republic

Identification number (CRN)02096013VAT Reg. No.CZ02096013Phone+420 226 060 681E-mailinfo@pentachemicals.euWeb addresswww.pentachemicals.eu

Competent person responsible for the safety data sheet

Name Ing. Petr Švec - PENTA s.r.o. E-mail info@pentachemicals.eu

1.4. Emergency telephone number

European emergency number: 112 112

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification of the substance in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The substance is classified as dangerous.

Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Carc. 1B, H350

Most serious adverse physico-chemical effects

Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Most serious adverse effects on human health and the environment

Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause cancer.

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2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictogram







Signal word

Danger

Dangerous substance

1,4-dioxane

(Index: 603-024-00-5; CAS: 123-91-1)

Hazard statements

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
 H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H350 May cause cancer.

Precautionary statements

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

No smoking.

P261 Avoid breathing vapours.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Supplemental information

EUH019 May form explosive peroxides.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Restricted to professional users.

2.3. Other hazards

The substance does not have endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605. Substance does not meet the criteria for PBT or vPvB in accordance with Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended. Does not contain any PMT or vPvM components.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Chemical characterization

The substance specified below.

Identification numbers	Substance name	Content in % weight	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	Note
	substance main component			
Index: 603-024-00-5 CAS: 123-91-1 EC: 204-661-8 Registration number: 01-2119462837-26- xxxx	1,4-dioxane		Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Carc. 1B, H350 EUH019 EUH066	1, 2, 3, 4



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Notes

- 1 Note D: Certain substances which are susceptible to spontaneous polymerisation or decomposition are generally placed on the market in a stabilised form. It is in this form that they are listed in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008. However, such substances are sometimes placed on the market in a non-stabilised form. In this case, the supplier who places such a substance on the market must state on the label the name of the substance followed by the words "non-stabilised".
- 2 A substance for which exposure limits are set.
- 3 Substance of very high concern SVHC.
- 4 The use of the substance is restricted by Annex XVII of REACH Regulation

Full text of all classifications and hazard statements is given in the section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Take care of your own safety. If any health problems are manifested or if in doubt, inform a doctor and show him information from this safety data sheet. If unconscious, put the person in the stabilized (recovery) position on his side with his head slightly bent backwards and make sure that airways are free; never induce vomiting. If the person vomits by himself, make sure that the vomit is not inhaled. In life threatening conditions first of all provide resuscitation of the affected person and ensure medical assistance. Respiratory arrest - provide artificial respiration immediately. Cardiac arrest - provide indirect cardiac massage immediately.

If inhaled

Terminate the exposure immediately; move the affected person to fresh air. Protect the person against growing cold. Provide medical treatment if irritation, dyspnoea or other symptoms persist.

If on skin

Remove contaminated clothes. Wash the affected area with plenty of water, lukewarm if possible. Soap, soap solution or shampoo should be used if there is no skin injury. Provide medical treatment if skin irritation persists. Rinse skin with water or shower.

If in eyes

Rinse eyes immediately with a flow of running water, open the eyelids (also using force if needed); remove contact lenses immediately if worn by the affected person. Rinsing should continue at least for 10 minutes. Provide medical treatment, specialized if possible.

If swallowed

Rinse out the mouth with clean water. Provide medical treatment. For persons with no symptoms, call the Toxicological Information Centre to decide about the need of medical treatment; provide information about the substances or composition of the product from the original packaging or the Safety Data Sheet of the product.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

If inhaled

May cause respiratory irritation.

If on skin

Not expected.

If in eves

Causes serious eye irritation.

If swallowed

Irritation, nausea.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Symptomatic treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, powder, water spray jet, water mist.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water - full jet.



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5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In the event of fire, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and other toxic gases may arise. Inhalation of hazardous degradation (pyrolysis) products may cause serious health damage.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) with a chemical protection suit only where personal (close) contact is likely. Use a self-contained breathing apparatus and full-body protective clothing. Closed containers with the product near the fire should be cooled with water. Do not allow run-off of contaminated fire extinguishing material to enter drains or surface and ground water.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Provide sufficient ventilation. The substance is flammable. Remove all ignition sources. Use personal protective equipment for work. Follow the instructions in the Sections 7 and 8. Do not inhale mist/vapours/spray. Prevent contact with skin and eyes.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent contamination of the soil and entering surface or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Spilled product should be covered with suitable (non-flammable) absorbing material (sand, diatomaceous earth, earth and other suitable absorption materials); to be contained in well closed containers and removed as per the Section 13. In the event of leakage of the substantial amount of the product, inform fire brigade and other competent bodies. After removal of the product, wash the contaminated site with plenty of water. Do not use solvents.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See the Section 7, 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Prevent formation of gases and vapours in flammable or explosive concentrations and concentrations exceeding the occupational exposure limits. The product should be used only in the areas where it is not in contact with open fire and other ignition sources. Use non-sparking tools. Use of antistatic clothes and footwear is recommended. Do not inhale mist/vapours/spray. Prevent contact with skin and eyes. No smoking. Obtain special instructions before use. Wash hands and exposed parts of the body thoroughly after handling. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Use personal protective equipment as per Section 8. Observe valid legal regulations on safety and health protection. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Take action to prevent static discharges.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in tightly closed containers in cold, dry and well ventilated areas designated for this purpose. Do not expose to sunlight. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.

Storage class

3A - Flammable liquids (flash point below 55 °C)

The specific requirements or rules relating to the substance/mixture

Solvent vapours are heavier than air and accumulate especially near the floor where they may form an explosive mixture with the air.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

not available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

European Union

Commission Directive 2009/161/EU

Substance name (component)	Туре	Value
1.4. dioyana (CAS) 122, 01, 1)	OEL 8 hours	73 mg/m ³
1,4-dioxane (CAS: 123-91-1)	OEL 8 hours	20 ppm



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8.2. Exposure controls

Follow the usual measures intended for health protection at work and especially for good ventilation. This can be achieved only by local suction or efficient general ventilation. If exposure limits cannot be observed in this mode, suitable protection of airways must be used. Do not eat, drink and smoke during work. Wash your hands thoroughly with water and soap after work and before breaks for a meal and rest.

Eye/face protection





Protective goggles.

Skin protection







Hand protection: Protective gloves resistant to the product. When choosing appropriate thickness, material and permeability of the gloves, observe recommendations of their particular manufacturer. Other protection: Protective antistatic clothing made of natural fibres (cotton) or synthetic fibres resistant to elevated temperatures. Antistatic footwear. Contaminated skin should be washed thoroughly.

Glove material	Thickness	Breakthrough time	Class
Nitrile (NBR)	0.4 mm	>480 min	6

Respiratory protection



Halfmask with a filter against organic vapours in the poorly ventilated environment.

Thermal hazard

Not available.

Environmental exposure controls

Observe usual measures for protection of the environment, see Section 6.2.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state liquid

Colour data not available
Odour data not available
Melting point/freezing point 10 - 12 °C

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range 100 - 102 °C
Flammability Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Lower and upper explosion limit

bottom 2 % upper 22 %

Flash point 12 °C (uzavřený kelímek)

Auto-ignition temperature data not available
Decomposition temperature data not available

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рН 6-8 (undiluted) Kinematic viscosity data not available Solubility in water data not available Solubility in fats data not available -0.27Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value) 3.6 kPa at 20 °C Vapour pressure Density and/or relative density 1.034 g/cm³ Density Relative vapour density data not available Particle characteristics data not available Other information

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Evaporation rate

10.1. Reactivity

9.2.

The substance is highly flammable.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Unknown.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

The product is stable and no degradation occurs under normal use. Protect against flames, sparks, overheating and against frost.

data not available

10.5. Incompatible materials

Protect against strong acids, bases and oxidizing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Not developed under normal uses. Dangerous outcomes such as carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide are formed at high temperature and in fire.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

No toxicological data is available for the substance. Inhalation of solvent vapors above values exceeding exposure limits for working environment may result in acute inhalation poisoning, depending on the level of concentration and exposure time.

Acute toxicity

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

1,4-dioxane	1,4-dioxane					
Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Sex
Oral	LD50	OECD 401	5 200 mg/kg		Rat	
Inhalation	LC50	OECD 403	48.5-54.3 mg/l	4 hours	Rat	
	LD50		7 600 mg/kg		Rat	

Skin corrosion/irritation

No data available for the substance. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

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Respiratory or skin sensitisation

No data available for the substance. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available for the substance. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

May cause cancer.

Reproductive toxicity

No data available for the substance. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Toxicity for specific target organ - single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

Toxicity for specific target organ - repeated exposure

No data available for the substance. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

No data available for the substance. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. Does not contain any components that may cause endocrine disruption for humans.

Other information

not available

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity

1,4-dioxane				
Parameter	Value	Exposure time	Species	Environment
LC50	9 850 mg/l	96 hours	Fish (Pimephales promelas)	
EC50	8 450 mg/l	24 hours	Other aquatic organisms	
IC50	5 600 mg/l	8 days	Algae (Scenedesmus subspicatus)	

12.2. Persistence and degradability

The following data are available.

Biodegradability

1,4-dioxane					
Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Environment	Result
	OECD 301E	5 %	28 days		Hardly biodegradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

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No data available for the substance.

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available for the substance.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. Does not contain any PBT or vPvB components. Product does not contain any substance meeting the criteria for PBT or vPvB in accordance with the Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. Does not contain any components that may cause endocrine disruption in the environment.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Hazard of environmental contamination; dispose of the waste in accordance with the local and/or national regulations. Any unused product and contaminated packaging should be put in labelled containers for waste collection and submitted for disposal to a person authorised for waste removal (a specialized company) that is entitled for such activity. Do not empty unused product in drainage systems. The product must not be disposed of with municipal waste. Empty containers may be used at waste incinerators to produce energy or deposited in a dump with appropriate classification. Perfectly cleaned containers can be submitted for recycling.

Waste management legislation

Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 November 2008 on waste, as amended. Decision 2000/532/EC establishing a list of wastes, as amended.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

UN 1165

14.2. UN proper shipping name

DIOXANE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

3 Flammable liquids

14.4. Packing group

Π

14.5. Environmental hazards

not relevant

14.6. Special precautions for user

Reference in the Sections 4 to 8.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

not relevant

Additional information

Hazard identification No.

UN number Classification code Safety signs 33 1165

F1





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Tunnel restriction code		(D/E)		
Air transport	- ICAO/IATA			
Packaging instructions passenger		353		
Cargo packaging instructions		364		
Marine transport - IMDG				
-	ergency plan)	F-E, S-D		

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18th December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing the European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No. 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No. 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC, as amended. REGULATION (EC) No. 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL as amended. Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH).

Restrictions pursuant to Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), as amended

1,4-dioxane

Restriction	Conditions of restriction
28	1. Shall not be placed on the market, or used,
	— as substances,
	— as constituents of other substances, or,
	— in mixtures, for supply to the general public when the individual concentration in the substance or mixture is equal to or greater than:
	— either the relevant specific concentration limit specified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, or,
	— the relevant generic concentration limit specified in Part 3 of Annex I of Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.
	Without prejudice to the implementation of other Community provisions relating to the classification, packaging and labelling of substances and mixtures, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging of such substances and mixtures is marked visibly, legibly and indelibly as follows:
	"Restricted to professional users".
	2. By way of derogation, paragraph 1 shall not apply to: (a) medicinal or veterinary products as defined by Directive 2001/82/EC and Directive 2001/83/EC; (b) cosmetic products as defined by Directive 76/768/EEC; (c) the following fuels and oil products:
	 motor fuels which are covered by Directive 98/70/EC, mineral oil products intended for use as fuel in mobile or fixed combustion plants, fuels sold in closed systems (e.g. liquid gas bottles);
	(d) artists' paints covered by Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008;
	(e) the substances listed in Appendix 11, column 1, for the applications or uses listed in Appendix 11, column 2. Where a date is specified in column 2 of Appendix 11, the derogation shall apply until the said date.
	(f) devices covered by Regulation (EU) 2017/745.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

A list of standard risk phrases used in the safety data sheet

EUH019 May form explosive peroxides.



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Version

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
 H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
 H350 May cause cancer.

Guidelines for safe handling used in the safety data sheet

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

No smoking.

P261 Avoid breathing vapours.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Other important information about human health protection

The product must not be - unless specifically approved by the manufacturer/importer - used for purposes other than as per the Section 1. The user is responsible for adherence to all related health protection regulations.

Key to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

ADR Agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road

BCF Bioconcentration Factor

Carc. Carcinogenicity

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service

CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of

substance and mixtures

EC Identification code for each substance listed in EINECS

EC50 Concentration of a substance when it is affected 50 % of the population EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

EmS Emergency plan EU European Union

EuPCS European Product Categorisation System

Eye Irrit. Eye irritation Flam. Liq. Flammable liquid

IATA International Air Transport Association

IBC International Code For The Construction And Equipment of Ships Carrying

Dangerous Chemicals

IC50Concentration causing 50% blockadeICAOInternational Civil Aviation OrganizationIMDGInternational Maritime Dangerous GoodsIMOInternational Maritime Organization

INCIInternational Nomenclature of Cosmetic IngredientsISOInternational Organization for StandardizationIUPACInternational Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry

LC50 Lethal concentration of a substance in which it can be expected death of 50% of the

population

LD50 Lethal dose of a substance in which it can be expected death of 50% of the

population

log KowOctanol-water partition coefficientOELOccupational Exposure LimitsPBTPersistent, bioaccumulative and toxic

PMT Persistent, mobile and toxic

ppm Parts per million

REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals

RID Agreement on the transport of dangerous goods by rail

STOT SE Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure



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UN number Four-figure identification number of the substance or article taken from the UN

Model Regulations

UVCB Substances of unknown or variable composition, complex reaction products or

biological materials

VOC Volatile organic compounds

vPvB Very persistent and very bioaccumulative

vPvM Very persistent and very mobile

Training guidelines

Inform the personnel about the recommended ways of use, mandatory protective equipment, first aid and prohibited ways of handling the product.

Recommended restrictions of use

not available

Information about data sources used to compile the Safety Data Sheet

REGULATION (EC) No. 1907/2006 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL (REACH) as amended. REGULATION (EC) No. 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL as amended. Data from the manufacturer of the substance / mixture, if available - information from registration dossiers.

The changes (which information has been added, deleted or modified)

The version 7.0 replaces the SDS version from Tuesday, 14 March 2023. Changes were made in sections 2, 11, 12, 13 and 16.

More information

Classification procedure - calculation method.

Statement

The safety data sheet provides information aimed at ensuring safety and health protection at work and environmental protection. The provided information corresponds to the current status of knowledge and experience and complies with valid legal regulations. The information should not be understood as guaranteeing the suitability and usability of the product for a particular application.