

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended

Ammonium thiocyanate

Creation date	19th September 2019	Version	2.0
Revision date	18th May 2022		

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

- 1.1. Product identifier**
 Substance / mixture Ammonium thiocyanate
 Chemical name substance
 Ammonium thiocyanate
 CAS number 1762-95-4
 EC (EINECS) number 217-175-6
 Registration number 01-2119543696-28
- 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**
Substance's intended use
 Chemical production, analytical chemistry, laboratory synthesis, industrial applications.
Substance uses advised against
 The product should not be used in ways other than those referred in Section 1.
- 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**
Supplier
 Name or trade name Ing. Petr Švec - PENTA s.r.o.
 Address Radiová 1122/1, Praha 10, 102 00
 Czech Republic
 Identification number (CRN) 02096013
 VAT Reg No CZ02096013
 Phone +420 226 060 681
 E-mail info@pentachemicals.eu
 Web address www.pentachemicals.eu
- Competent person responsible for the safety data sheet**
 Name Ing. Petr Švec - PENTA s.r.o.
 E-mail info@pentachemicals.eu
- 1.4. Emergency telephone number**
 112 European emergency number: 112

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

- 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture**
Classification of the substance in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
 The substance is classified as dangerous.
 Acute Tox. 4, H302+H312+H332
 Eye Dam. 1, H318
 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
 Full text of all classifications and hazard statements is given in the section 16.
Most serious adverse effects on human health and the environment
 Causes serious eye damage. Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

- 2.2. Label elements**
Hazard pictogram



Signal word
 Danger

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Dangerous substance

Ammonium thiocyanate
(EC: 217-175-6; CAS: 1762-95-4)

Hazard statements

H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H302+H312+H332 Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.

Precautionary statements

P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear eye protection.
P310 Immediately call a doctor.

Supplemental information

EUH032 Contact with acids liberates very toxic gas.

2.3. Other hazards

The substance does not have endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605. Substance does not meet the criteria for PBT or vPvB in accordance with Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Chemical characterization

The substance specified below.

Identification numbers	Substance name	Content in % weight	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	Note
CAS: 1762-95-4 EC: 217-175-6 Registration number: 01-2119543696-28	substance main component Ammonium thiocyanate	>99	Acute Tox. 4, H302+H312+H332 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 EUH032 Specific concentration limit: ATE Oral = 513,13 mg/kg bw ATE Inhalation (dust/mist) = 1,52 mg/l ATE Dermal = 1112 mg/kg bw	1

Notes

1 The use of the substance is restricted by Annex XVII of REACH Regulation

Full text of all classifications and hazard statements is given in the section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Take care of your own safety. If any health problems are manifested or if in doubt, inform a doctor and show him information from this safety data sheet. If unconscious, put the person in the stabilized (recovery) position on his side with his head slightly bent backwards and make sure that airways are free; never induce vomiting. If the person vomits by himself, make sure that the vomit is not inhaled. In life threatening conditions first of all provide resuscitation of the affected person and ensure medical assistance. Respiratory arrest - provide artificial respiration immediately. Cardiac arrest - provide indirect cardiac massage immediately.

If inhaled

Terminate the exposure immediately; move the affected person to fresh air. Protect the person against growing cold. Provide medical treatment if irritation, dyspnoea or other symptoms persist.

If on skin

Remove contaminated clothes. Wash the affected area with plenty of water, lukewarm if possible. Soap, soap solution or shampoo should be used if there is no skin injury. Provide medical treatment if skin irritation persists.

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If in eyes

Do not rub your eyes – it could lead to mechanical damage of the cornea. Rinse eyes immediately with a flow of running water, open the eyelids (also using force if needed); remove contact lenses immediately if worn by the affected person. No neutralization should be performed in any case! Rinsing should be continued for 10-30 minutes from the inner to the outer eye corner to make sure that the other eye is not involved. Depending on the situation, call medical rescue service or ensure medical treatment as promptly as possible. Everyone must be referred for treatment even if affected only a little.

If swallowed

Rinse out the mouth with water and provide 2-5 dL of water. Provide medical treatment.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

If inhaled

Inhaling dust can cause corrosion of the breathing system. Cough, headache.

If on skin

not available

If in eyes

Causes serious eye damage.

If swallowed

Corrosion of the digestion system can occur.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Symptomatic treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, powder, water spray jet, water mist.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water - full jet.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In the event of fire, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and other toxic gases may arise. Inhalation of hazardous degradation (pyrolysis) products may cause serious health damage.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) with a chemical protection suit only where personal (close) contact is likely. Use a self-contained breathing apparatus and full-body protective clothing. Do not allow run-off of contaminated fire extinguishing material to enter drains or surface and ground water.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment for work. Follow the instructions in the Sections 7 and 8. Do not inhale dust. Prevent contact with skin and eyes.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent contamination of the soil and entering surface or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Place the product mechanically in an appropriate manner. Dispose of the collected material according to the instructions in the section 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See the Section 7, 8 and 13.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not inhale dust. Prevent contact with skin and eyes. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands and exposed parts of the body thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Use personal protective equipment as per Section 8. Observe valid legal regulations on safety and health protection. Avoid release to the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in tightly closed containers in cold, dry and well ventilated areas designated for this purpose. Keep container tightly closed.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

not available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

DNEL

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Workers / consumers	Route of exposure	Value	Effect	Determining method	Source
Workers	Inhalation	2.8 mg/m ³	Systemic chronic effects		Nouryon
Workers	Dermal	4 mg/kg	Systemic chronic effects		Nouryon
Consumers	Inhalation	0.7 mg/m ³	Systemic chronic effects		Nouryon
Consumers	Dermal	2 mg/kg	Systemic chronic effects		Nouryon
Consumers	Oral	0.2 mg/kg	Systemic chronic effects		Nouryon

PNEC

Ammonium thiocyanate

Route of exposure	Value	Determining method	Source
Freshwater environment	0.095 mg/l		Nouryon

8.2. Exposure controls

Follow the usual measures intended for health protection at work and especially for good ventilation. This can be achieved only by local suction or efficient general ventilation. Do not eat, drink and smoke during work. Wash your hands thoroughly with water and soap after work and before breaks for a meal and rest.

Eye/face protection

Protective goggles or face shield (based on the nature of the work performed).

Skin protection

Hand protection: Protective gloves resistant to the product. When choosing appropriate thickness, material and permeability of the gloves, observe recommendations of their particular manufacturer. Observe other recommendations of the manufacturer. Other protection: protective workwear. Contaminated skin should be washed thoroughly.

Respiratory protection

Use a mask with anti-dust filter when the exposition limits of the substances are exceeded or at the place with insufficient ventilation.

Thermal hazard

Not available.

Environmental exposure controls

Observe usual measures for protection of the environment, see Section 6.2.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state solid
Colour white

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Odour	without fragrance
Melting point/freezing point	150 °C
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	170 °C
Flammability	data not available
Lower and upper explosion limit	data not available
Flash point	data not available
Auto-ignition temperature	data not available
Decomposition temperature	data not available
pH	4,8-5,8 (undiluted)
Kinematic viscosity	data not available
Solubility in water	1650 g/l
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	data not available
Vapour pressure	1 kPa at 20 °C
Density and/or relative density	
Density	1,3 g/cm ³ at 20 °C

9.2. Other information
not available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

The substance is non-flammable.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Unknown.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

The product is stable and no degradation occurs under normal use. Protect against flames, sparks, overheating and against frost.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Protect against strong acids, bases and oxidizing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Not developed under normal uses. Dangerous outcomes such as carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide are formed at high temperature and in fire.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

No toxicological data is available for the substance.

Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.

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Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Time of exposure	Species	Sex	Source
Oral	LD50	OECD 401	508 mg/kg		Coturnix japonica		Nouryon
Dermal		OECD 402	>2000 mg/kg		Rat (Rattus norvegicus)		Nouryon
Oral	ATE		513,13 mg/kg bw				
Inhalation (dust/mist)	ATE		1,52 mg/l				
Dermal	ATE		1112 mg/kg bw				

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Skin corrosion/irritation

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Toxicity for specific target organ - single exposure

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Toxicity for specific target organ - repeated exposure

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

11.2. Information on other hazards

not available

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Acute toxicity

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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Parameter	Method	Value	Time of exposure	Species	Environment	Source
LC50	OECD 203	65 mg/l	96 hour	Fishes (Oncorhynchus mykiss)		Nouryon
EC50	OECD 202	3.56 mg/l	48 hour	Daphnia (Daphnia magna)		Nouryon
	OECD 201	106.50 mg/l	72 hour	Algae (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)		Nouryon

12.2. Persistence and degradability

not available

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Not available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product does not contain any substance meeting the criteria for PBT or vPvB in accordance with the Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

This substance does not have endocrine disrupting properties with respect to non-target organisms as it does not meet the criteria set out in section B of Regulation (EU) No 2017/2100. The substance does not have endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Not available.

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Hazard of environmental contamination; dispose of the waste in accordance with the local and/or national regulations. Proceed in accordance with valid regulations on waste disposal. Any unused product and contaminated packaging should be put in labelled containers for waste collection and submitted for disposal to a person authorised for waste removal (a specialized company) that is entitled for such activity. Do not empty unused product in drainage systems. The product must not be disposed of with municipal waste. Empty containers may be used at waste incinerators to produce energy or deposited in a dump with appropriate classification. Perfectly cleaned containers can be submitted for recycling.

Waste management legislation

Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 November 2008 on waste, as amended. Decision 2000/532/EC establishing a list of wastes, as amended.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

not subject to transport regulations

14.2. UN proper shipping name

not relevant

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

not relevant

14.4. Packing group

not relevant

14.5. Environmental hazards

not relevant

14.6. Special precautions for user

Reference in the Sections 4 to 8.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

not relevant

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18th December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing the European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No. 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No. 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC, as amended. Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16th December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, as amended.

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Restrictions pursuant to Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), as amended

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Restriction	Conditions of restriction
65	<p>1. Shall not be placed on the market, or used, in cellulose insulation mixtures or cellulose insulation articles after 14 July 2018 unless the emission of ammonia from those mixtures or articles results in a concentration of less than 3 ppm by volume (2,12 mg/m³) under the test conditions specified in paragraph 4.</p> <p>A supplier of a cellulose insulation mixture containing inorganic ammonium salts shall inform the recipient or consumer of the maximum permissible loading rate of the cellulose insulation mixture, expressed in thickness and density.</p> <p>A downstream user of a cellulose insulation mixture containing inorganic ammonium salts shall ensure that the maximum permissible loading rate communicated by the supplier is not exceeded.</p> <p>2. By way of derogation, paragraph 1 shall not apply to placing on the market of cellulose insulation mixtures intended to be used solely for the production of cellulose insulation articles, or to the use of those mixtures in the production of cellulose insulation articles.</p> <p>3. In the case of a Member State that, on 14 July 2016, has national provisional measures in place that have been authorised by the Commission pursuant to Article 129(2)(a), the provisions of paragraphs 1 and 2 shall apply from that date.</p> <p>4. Compliance with the emission limit specified in the first subparagraph of paragraph 1 shall be demonstrated in accordance with Technical Specification CEN/TS 16516, adapted as follows:</p> <p>(a) the duration of the test shall be at least 14 days instead of 28 days;</p> <p>(b) the ammonia gas emission shall be measured at least once per day throughout the test;</p> <p>(c) the emission limit shall not be reached or exceeded in any measurement taken during the test;</p> <p>(d) the relative humidity shall be 90 % instead of 50 %;</p> <p>(e) an appropriate method to measure the ammonia gas emission shall be used;</p> <p>(f) the loading rate, expressed in thickness and density, shall be recorded during the sampling of the cellulose insulation mixtures or articles to be tested.</p>

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

not available

SECTION 16: Other information

A list of standard risk phrases used in the safety data sheet

H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H302+H312+H332 Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.

Guidelines for safe handling used in the safety data sheet

P280 Wear eye protection.
P310 Immediately call a doctor.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.

A list of additional standard phrases used in the safety data sheet

EUH032 Contact with acids liberates very toxic gas.

Other important information about human health protection

The product must not be - unless specifically approved by the manufacturer/importer - used for purposes other than as per the Section 1. The user is responsible for adherence to all related health protection regulations.

Key to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

ADR European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road
BCF Bioconcentration Factor

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CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service
CLP	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substance and mixtures
DNEL	Derived no-effect level
EC50	Concentration of a substance when it is affected 50% of the population
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency plan
ES	Identification code for each substance listed in EINECS
EU	European Union
EuPCS	European Product Categorisation System
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IBC	International Code For The Construction And Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous Chemicals
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods
INCI	International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients
ISO	International Organization for Standardization
IUPAC	International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry
LC50	Lethal concentration of a substance in which it can be expected death of 50% of the population
LD50	Lethal dose of a substance in which it can be expected death of 50% of the population
log Kow	Octanol-water partition coefficient
MARPOL	International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships
OEL	Occupational Exposure Limits
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted no-effect concentration
ppm	Parts per million
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
RID	Agreement on the transport of dangerous goods by rail
UN	Four-figure identification number of the substance or article taken from the UN Model Regulations
UVCB	Substances of unknown or variable composition, complex reaction products or biological materials
VOC	Volatile organic compounds
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity
Aquatic Chronic	Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic)
Eye Dam.	Serious eye damage

Training guidelines

Inform the personnel about the recommended ways of use, mandatory protective equipment, first aid and prohibited ways of handling the product.

Recommended restrictions of use

not available

Information about data sources used to compile the Safety Data Sheet

REGULATION (EC) No. 1907/2006 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL (REACH) as amended.
REGULATION (EC) No. 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL as amended. Data from the manufacturer of the substance / mixture, if available - information from registration dossiers.

The changes (which information has been added, deleted or modified)

The version 2.0 replaces the SDS version from 19 September 2019. Changes were made in sections 2,7,8,11,13,15 and 16.

More information

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Classification procedure - calculation method.

Statement

The safety data sheet provides information aimed at ensuring safety and health protection at work and environmental protection. The provided information corresponds to the current status of knowledge and experience and complies with valid legal regulations. The information should not be understood as guaranteeing the suitability and usability of the product for a particular application.